

# U.S. Coast Guard Ballast Water Management Update





March 2016

U.S. Coast Guard
Office of Operating & Environmental
Standards (CG-OES)
Washington, D.C.



### Overview



- Applicability/Requirements
- Compliance Options for Ship owners
- Coast Guard Type Approval & Independent Labs
- Alternate Management Systems (AMS)
- Extensions
- Compliance and Enforcement
- Latest news.....



## Applicability/Requirements

Regulation	Requirement
Jurisdiction	U.S. territorial sea – 12 nautical miles
Applicability/Exemptions	Vessels equipped with BW tanks and operate in waters of U.S. Does not apply to: Crude oil tankers in coastwise trade; non-seagoing vessels; sea-going vessels that do not operate outside EEZ and are less than 1,600 Gross Register Tons or 3,000 ITC; and, vessels that operate exclusively in 1 COTP Zone.
Implementation Schedule	New Vessels (Dec 1, 2013 keel laying): On delivery
Dates are January 1 unless specified	·
(First regularly scheduled drydocking after a vessel's compliance date)	Existing Vessels (BW capacity in cubic meters): <1,500: 2016 1,500 - 5,000: 2014 >5,000: 2016
Great Lakes	Applies to sea-going vessels over 1,600 GRT that depart the Great Lakes, transit beyond Anticosti Island, return and pass upstream of Snell Lock, aka "Salties."



#### **COMPLIANCE OPTIONS**



1. No BW Discharge



2. Coast Guard Approved Ballast Water Management System



3. Discharge to Facility
Onshore or to
Another Vessel for Purpose
of Treatment



4. Use only water from a U.S. Public Water System



**Two Temporary Compliance Alternatives** 



1. Alternate Management System (AMS) – Temporary Designation for up to 5 years



2. Receive an Extension to Vessel's Compliance Date - extension period will vary/ dependent upon TA system availability



## UPDATE: Ballast Water Reporting and Recordkeeping Final Rule



- Published: November 24, 2015
- Effective February 22, 2016
  - Simplifies and streamlines the ballast water report form to reduce redundancy in reporting
  - Vessel owners and operators are expected to transition from using old BWMR forms to using new BWMR forms by May 1, 2016
- More information: National Ballast Information
   Clearinghouse website

http://invasions.si.edu/nbic/



## Temporary Compliance Alternate Management Systems (AMS)



- Temporary acceptance of a treatment system already type approved in accordance with the BWM Convention.
  - AMS deemed to be "at least as effective as BWE"
- AMS used in lieu of BWE prior to compliance date
  - 5-year grandfather period after vessel compliance date
- Bridging strategy to address fact that foreign typeapproved systems installed prior to:
  - publication of the USCG FR
  - availability of USCG approved BWMS
- Availability of AMS does not prohibit a vessel owner from receiving an extension from the Coast Guard.



#### AMS Acceptance Status



- □ 56 AMS Acceptances have been granted.
  - Some are technical/administrative updates, not "new" systems.
- □ 14 Foreign Administrations
- □ Coast Guard observations during review of AMS:
  - Inconsistencies
    - $\square$  lack of documented QA/QC (approx. 70%);
    - □ testing procedures not validated (approx. 50%);
    - □ Scaling not per G8 (approx. 80%).
  - Lack of clear independence from manufacturer during testing in numerous cases



#### AMS versus CG Approved BWMS



- AMS and CG approved BWMS are separate programs.
- AMS acceptance:
  - o Is NOT approval.... It's an acceptance as an alternative to BWE.
  - o Is NOT a "first step" in req'd procedure for gaining Coast Guard type approval.
  - o Does NOT guarantee Coast Guard type approval.
  - o Does NOT directly assist in obtaining Coast Guard type approval.
  - o Is NOT required for Coast Guard type approval.

#### Basis:

- o AMS acceptance foreign administration type approval using <u>G8 Guidelines</u>.
- o Coast Guard type approval test data and information produced in accordance with <u>Coast Guard regulations</u> contained in 46 CFR 162.060.



## Type Approval Two Options



#### 1.Existing Data:

Evaluation of some/all data and information from foreign type approval.

- Must include:
  - Data and information;
  - Explanation of how submission <u>meets</u> or <u>exceeds</u>
     Coast Guard type approval requirements.
- Review by independent laboratory (IL).
  - Additional testing by IL may be required.

#### 2. "Test from scratch":

All testing and evaluation by an IL

In accordance with regulations.



## Accepted Independent Labs



- NSF International (Ann Arbor, MI)
- Det Norske Veritas-Germanischer Lloyd (DNV-GL; Norway)
- Korean Register of Shipping (ROK)
- Control Union Certifications (Netherlands)
- Lloyd's Register EMEA (UK)

List of accepted ILs and sub-labs on CGMix:

https://cgmix.uscg.mil/EQlabs/Default.aspx



#### **Current Status**



- Current Status
  - 5 USCG approved Independent Labs
  - Coast Guard aware of 16 systems testing at ILs
- Constraints and challenges
  - Standards leading technology for this application
  - Requests for equivalent alternative iaw 46 CFR 162.060-10(b)(1)
  - Shipowners and manufacturers need to work collaboratively on solutions



## Temporary Compliance



#### Extensions

- Extensions to compliance dates are currently being granted (6,000+ to date)
- Basis for extension: methods ALLOWING COMPLIANCE not available.
- Extension/ VGP alignment.
- Review latest letter on Homeport: Coast Guard Policy Letter CG-OES No. 13-01, Rev 2.
- Submit separate batches for each compliance year
- Status Updates?
- No paper needed! No BWM Plans needed.



### Compliance and Enforcement



- Assess compliance during regular vessel inspections
  - Port State control examinations for foreign flags
  - Domestic vessel inspections
- Follow existing compliance approach
  - Documents (certifications and records)
  - Crew knowledge
  - Equipment condition and operation
  - Sample discharge if warranted (no limitation on "when" sampling conducted)
- Sampling and analysis methods and tools in development





## Clarifying Confusion

- Coast Guard is NOT changing any Implementation Dates contained in the Final Rule due to IMO
- Coast Guard does NOT have preference for any type of treatment system technology
- Coast Guard will NOT wait to issue a type approval certificate if an application demonstrates that all criteria for type approval have been met.



#### Ballast Water Program Update



- What are we working on now?
  - Challenges to type approval
    - Multiple alternate components (e.g., filters)
    - Modification of systems during or soon after type approval
    - Scaling
  - Continue extensions
  - Compliance policy
  - Remain engaged with stakeholders
    - EPA, IMO, ship owners, manufacturers



#### Next Steps



- No change to implementation dates contained in the Final Rule due to status of IMO Convention
- After BWMS are type approved, extension program will be modified as necessary using a practical approach
- Coast Guard will not wait to issue a type approval certificate if an application demonstrates that all criteria for type approval have been met.
- Workshop for Independent Labs
- Practicability review



## MPN Decision



- 4 manufacturers requested the Coast Guard Marine Safety Center (MSC) approve a method for assessing the number of viable organisms, to be used as an alternative to the required method that assesses numbers of living organisms.
- The MSC denied the request.
- MSC's decision is currently under appeal.



## Further Information



Coast Guard Internet portal: General Information <a href="http://homeport.uscg.mil/ballastwater">http://homeport.uscg.mil/ballastwater</a>

Approved Labs and BWMS:
Coast Guard Maritime Information Exchange (CGMIX):
<a href="http://cgmix.uscg.mil">http://cgmix.uscg.mil</a>

#### **QUESTIONS**

Compliance: E-mail to the Office of Commercial Vessel Compliance: CGCVC@uscg.mil

Extensions: environmental standards@uscg.mil